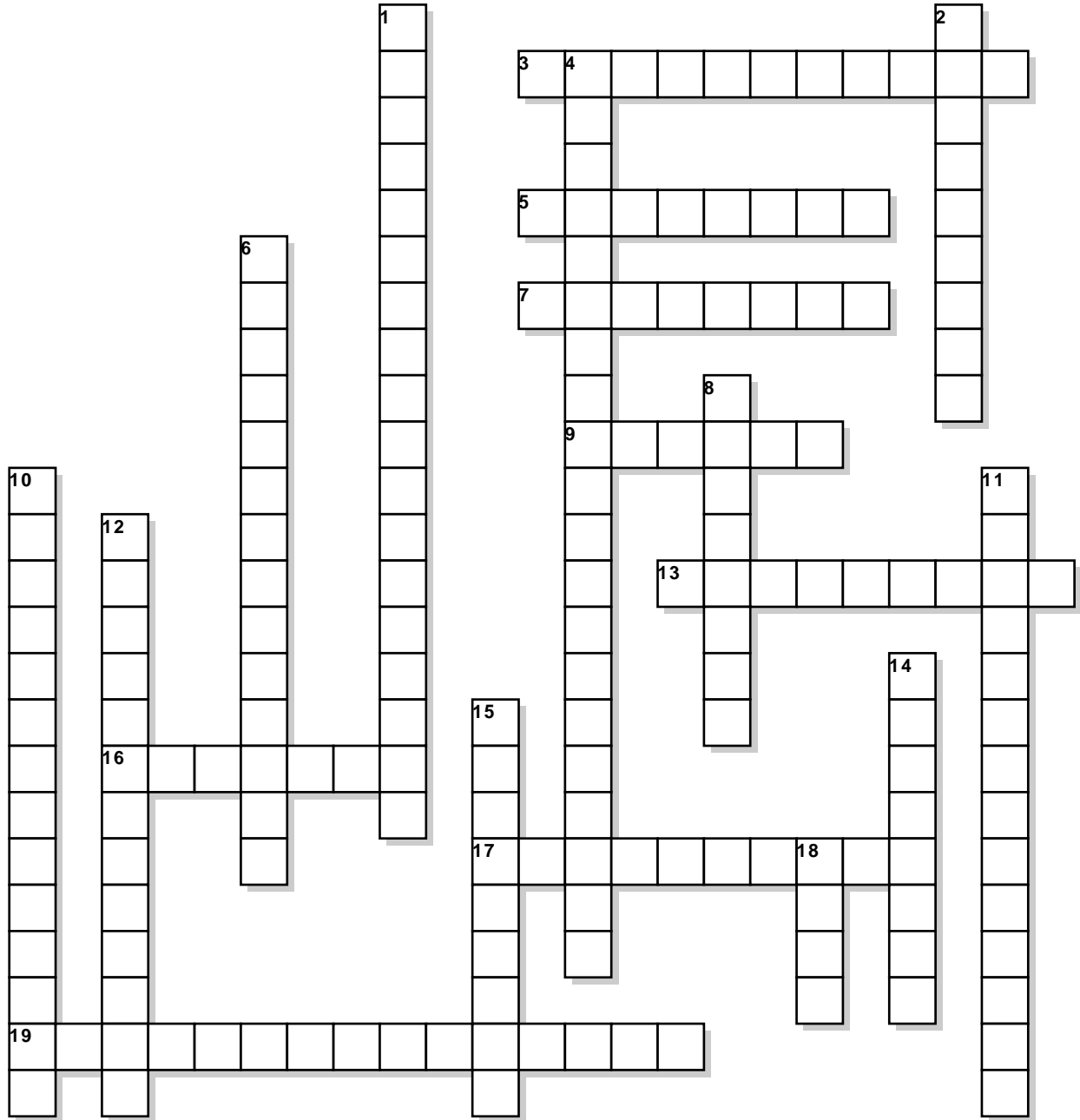


# The Developing Colonies (1700-1753)



**Across**

- 3 Region running along the Appalachian Mountains through the far western part of the other regions.
- 5 The point at which waterfalls prevent large boats from moving farther upriver.
- 7 Crops raised to be sold for money.
- 9 Plant that yields a rich blue dye.
- 13 Importing or exporting goods illegally.
- 16 Craftsperson.
- 17 Woman who introduced indigo as a successful plantation crop after her father sent her to supervise his South Carolina plantations.
- 19 Name given to a trading route with three stops.

**Down**

- 1 Producing just enough food for the family use and sometimes a little extra to trade in town.
- 2 A mill where grain was ground into flour.
- 4 The mountain range that stretches from eastern Canada south to Alabama.
- 6 Bloody slave rebellion that took place south of Charles Town in September of 1739.
- 8 An area of land at the foot of a mountain or mountain range.
- 10 Laws passed by the English government to make sure that it made money from its colonies' trade.
- 11 Wagon with wide wheels, curved bed, and canvas cover.
- 12 Wealthy Virginia planter best known for his writing.
- 14 Person hired by planters to watch over and direct the work of slaves.
- 15 Variety.
- 18 Large groups of families that claim a common ancestor.

**Possible Answers:**

Appalachian Mountains, artisan, Backcountry, cash crop, clan, Conestoga Wagon, diversity, Eliza Lucas, fall line, gristmill, indigo, Navigation Acts, overseer, piedmont, smuggling, Stono Rebellion, subsistence farming, triangular trade, William Byrd II