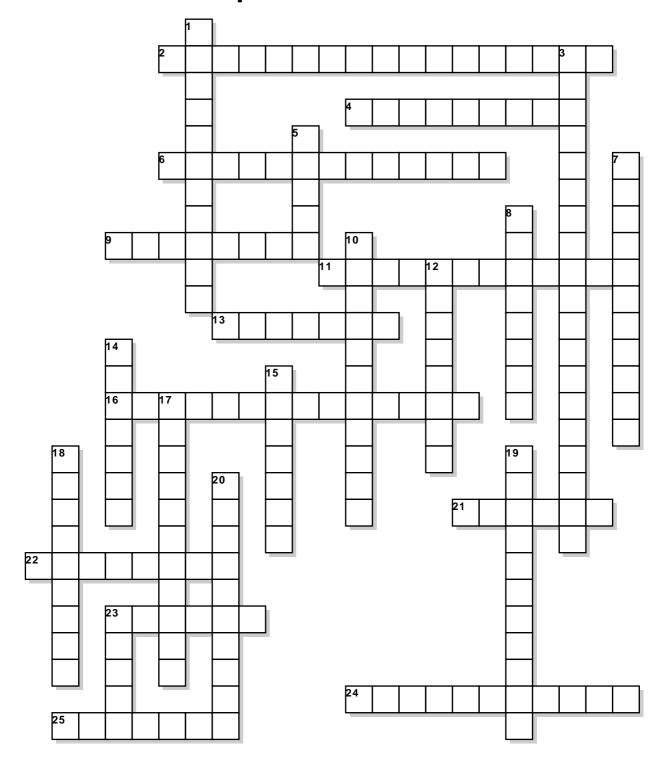
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# **Societies of Europe Crossword Puzzle**



#### **Across**

- 2 He invented the printing press in about 1455.
- 4 A political system in which a king allows lords to use land in return for military service.
- It swept across Europe killing one fourth of the population.
- 9 They dominated trade in the Mediterranean that brought Asian goods to Europe.
- 11 A monk who publicly posted 95 statements that criticized practices of the Catholic Church.
- 13 Money earned once costs are subtracted.
- 16 From the east and west they invaded the Roman Empire and contributed to its fall.
- 21 An important Italian port city.
- 22 An area important to Christians because Jesus had lived their according to their religion.
- 23 Helped with preservation and disguising the taste of rotten meat.
- 24 Merchants and craftspeople formed this new social class.
- 25 They had taken control of the Holy Land.

#### Down

- 1 By the 1000's, the population increased and trade flourished because of this.
- 3 Gained power during the Middle Ages and took on roles once filled by government officials.
- 5 They used tax money to raise large armies to enforce order.
- 7 In this system, lords divided their land into large estates that were farmed mostly by serfs.
- 8 A series of wars launched by Europeans to capture the Holy Land.
- 10 Map making.
- 12 Money charged by a bank on a loan.
- 14 Invented by Muslim mathematicians.
- 15 From the north they swept down to raid and loot Europe during the 800's to 1000's.
- 17 A movement to correct problems in the Catholic Church.
- 18 His book about his travels to China increased European interest in China.
- 19 A rebirth of learning Greek and Roman classical traditions during the 1300's to 1600's.
- 20 Lasted from the late 400's to about the 1300's.
- 23 Landless peasants that were not allowed to leave the manor.

### **Possible Answers:**

algebra, bubonic plague, cartography, Crusades, feudalism, food surplus, Germanic Tribes, Holy Land, interest, Italians, Johannes Gutenberg, kings, manor system, Marco Polo, Martin Luther, Middle Ages, middle class, Muslims, profits, Reformation, Renaissance, Roman Catholic Church, serfs, spices, Venice, Vikings